



IP over ETH over IEEE802.16

draft-riegel-16ng-ip-over-eth-over-80216-01

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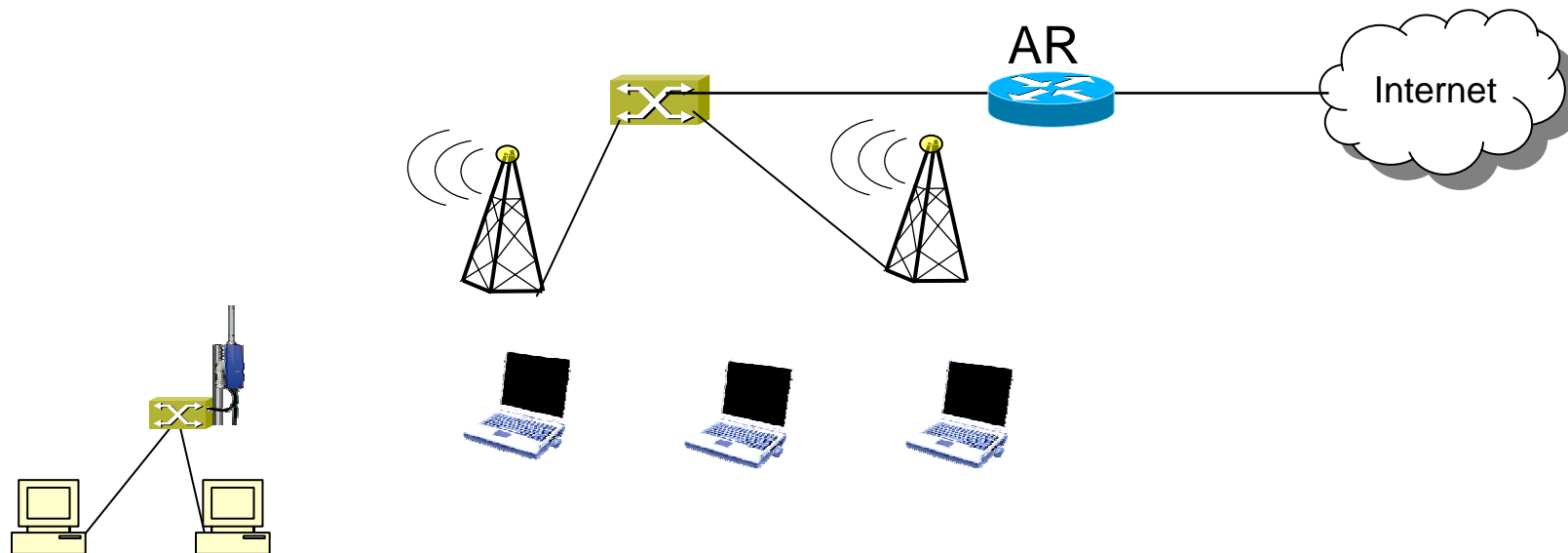
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Outline

IP over ETH over IEEE802.16

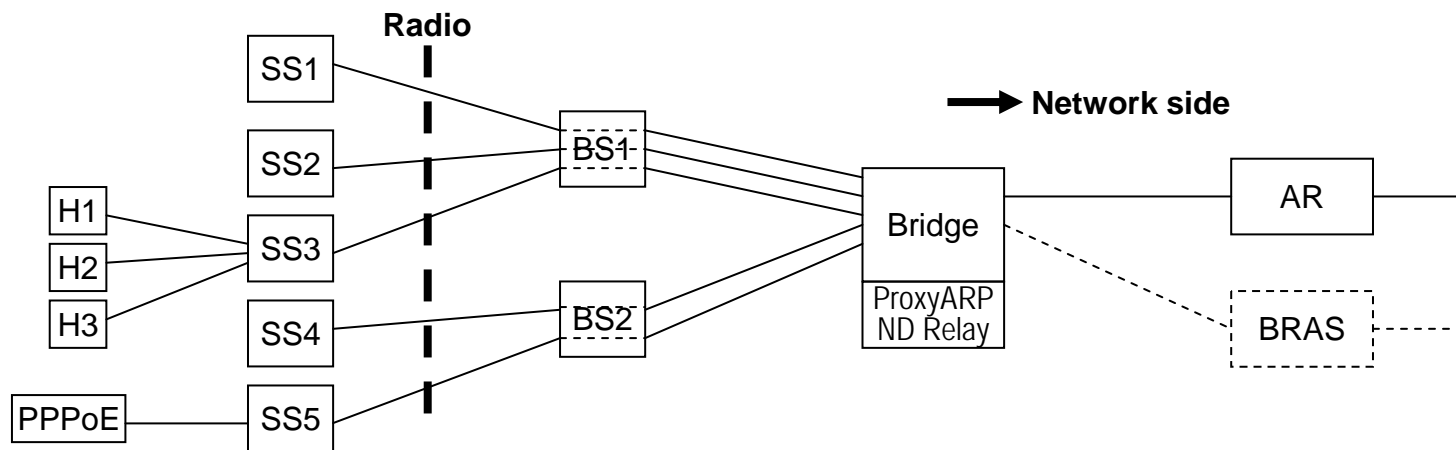
- ❑ **IPoETH-CS Problem Statement**
- ❑ **Link models**
- ❑ **Deployment scenarios**
- ❑ **Results of 16ng Interim on Sept. 12/13 (Mannheim, Germany)**
- ❑ **ETH-CS Conference Call on Oct. 18**
- ❑ **I-D draft-riegel-16ng-ip-over-eth-over-80216-01.txt**
- ❑ **Discussion on the mailing list**
- ❑ **Conclusion and next steps**

IP over Ethernet over IEEE802.16



- **No issues when there is sufficient bandwidth and terminal power**
 - Usually the case for wired Ethernets
- **Wireless issues:**
 - Shared transmission resource
 - (multiple transmissions for multicast messages)
 - Limited terminal power; terminal has to wake up to receive packets
 - Power issue is more critical than shared transmission resource

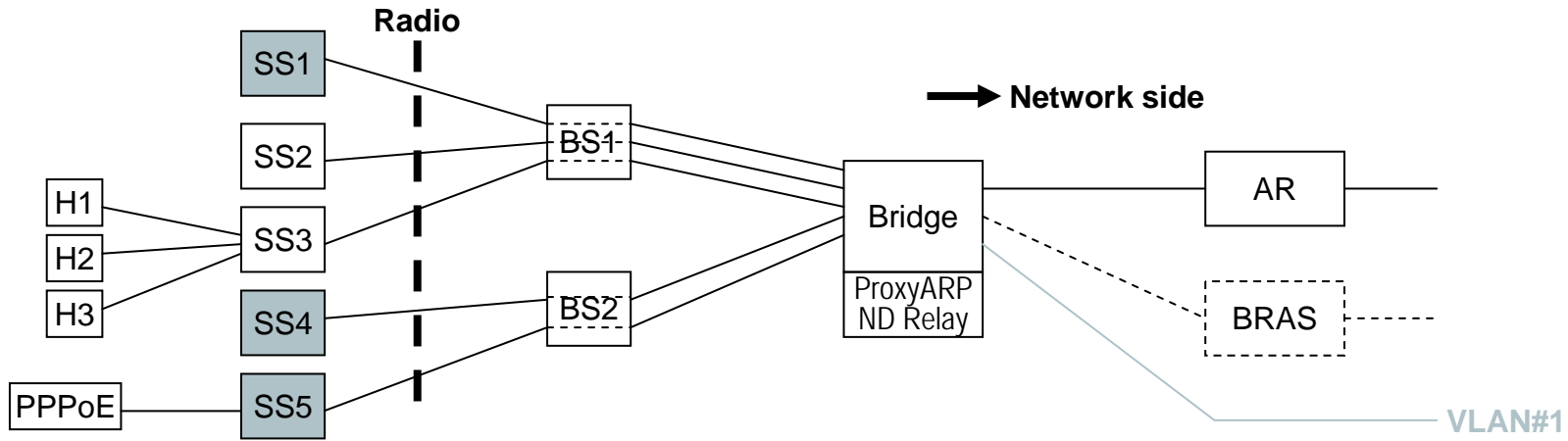
IPoETH-CS Link Model



- SS1, SS2, SS4
'standard host' – single MAC, single IP
- SS3 (H1, H2, H3)
'GW w/ multiple hosts behind' – multiple MAC, multiple IPs
- SS5 (PPPoE)
'ETH bridge' – Multiple MACs, no IPs

- **Ethernet is realized on top of IEEE802.16 by a bridge behind BS**
 - BS acts like a L2 converter forwarding a radio link into a wired connection
- **A single bridge is assumed for the whole access network**
 - More easy implementation of filtering functions

Deployment Scenarios



□ Public access scenario

- Peer-to-peer communication between SSs is not available by the Bridge
 - All traffic is forwarded to the AR

□ VLAN scenario

- Peer-to-peer communication may be enabled within particular VLANs
 - Allows the creation of L2VPNs

Results of 16ng Interim on Sept. 12/13

□ 2 I-Ds available for ETH-CS

- draft-riegel-16ng-ip-over-eth-over-80216-00.txt
 - Providing framework and IPv4 specifics
- draft-jeon-ipv6-over-ieee802.16-ethcs-00.txt
 - Providing initial solution for IPv6

□ Conclusion out of the meeting:

- Both I-Ds to be merged into one document for IPv4 and IPv6
 - Editor: Hongseok Jeon
- Refinements:
 - Conceptual network model
 - Adopt ND Relay to support SeND
 - Extended specification on Identification Cache Table

□ Plan for IP over ETH CS Design Call (AI: Jari Arkko)

IP over ETH CS Design Call on Oct. 20

□ Participants:

Jari Arkko, Mark Townsley, Dave Thaler, Max Riegel, Ralph Droms

□ Results:

- For IPv4: Proxy ARP is needed because ARP uses broadcast.
- For IPv6: Multicast is used; RFC 4541 (MLD snooping bridges) can be deployed to prune unnecessary multicast transmissions. RFC4541 may be sufficient for everything else than the all-nodes address.
 - Some intelligent filtering may be needed for these.
- In the PPPoE case LCP echo should be turned off.
 - Turning it off may cause problems, but in the PPPoE case the subscriber station is usually a gateway with an external power supply.
- Combination of a periodic RA process with solicited RAs from waking-up node may be the best.
 - No optimization at the access router; it may be unaware of the 802.16 link.
- No need to revise ND for 802.16 ETH-CS purposes.

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- ❑ **Combined draft for IPv4 and IPv6 over ETH-CS**
- ❑ **Adoption of conclusions from interim and design call**
 - Refined network model
 - Public access and VLAN deployment scenarios
 - Multicast is realized by multiple unicast messages (no MBS)
 - Standard Learning Bridging
 - + Static Filtering Entries (out of authentication process)
 - RFC4541 for multicast snooping bridging
 - Extended Identification Cache Table (ICT) supporting multiple IP addresses per host
 - ND Relay tied into ICT
- ❑ **Not yet fully done:**
 - RFC3041 (Privacy extension)
 - RA handling
 - MTU Considerations
 - Security section

ToC

- 1. Introduction**
- 2. Requirements**
- 3. Terminology**
- 4. The IEEE 802.16 Link Model**
- 5. The IEEE 802.16 Network Model for Ethernet**
- 6. Deployment Scenarios for IP over Ethernet over IEEE 802.16**
- 7. Filtering and Forwarding**
 - 7.1. IP Broadcast and Multicast Support**
 - 7.2. Packet Filtering**
 - 7.3. Identification Cache Table**
 - 7.4. Address Resolution Protocol Proxy Function**
 - 7.5. Neighbor Discovery Relay Function**
 - 7.6. Access Router Behavior**
- 8. Transmission of IP over Ethernet**
 - 8.1. IPv4 over Ethernet**
 - 8.1.1. Address Resolution**
 - 8.2. IPv6 over Ethernet**
 - 8.2.1. Router Discovery, Prefix Discovery and Parameter Discovery**
 - 8.2.2. Address Configuration**
 - 8.2.3. Address Resolution**
 - 8.3. Maximum Transmission Unit Consideration**
- 9. Security Considerations**

Comments and discussions on the list

Positive feedback out of the WiMAX Forum

Some comments from the list:

□ **Why not deploy MBS connections for ARP and DAD?**

- Answer: MBS connections may reduce consumption of radio resources instead sending same information multiple times over the air but do not solve the issue of needlessly waking up the subscriber stations.

□ **Why centralized bridge behind base stations?**

- Answer: Most easy model without need to synchronize ICTs of several bridges.

□ **Section on MTU size does only address GRE tunneling.**

- Answer: MTU aspects of non-GRE solutions, e.g. VLAN will be added in the next release.

Conclusion and further proceeding

- **I-D on IPv4 over ETH-CS and IPv6 over ETH-CS exists**
 - Merged effort
 - Covers all major issues
 - Compact

- **Next steps:**
 - Adoption as WG item
 - Include further contributions out of the WG
 - Clarify open issues

- **Feedback from Switch Manufacturers desired!**